

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
TO THE PARTNERS OF DAZZLE HOUSING & REALTY LLP**

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **DAZZLE HOUSING & REALTY LLP** ("the LLP"), which comprise the Statement of Assets and Liabilities as at March 31, 2026 and the Statement of Income and Expenditure for the year ended March 31st, 2026, notes to the financial statement and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the LLP as at March 31, 2026, and its financial performance for the year ended March 31st, 2026.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the LLP in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Statement of Accounts

The Management of the LLP is responsible for the preparation of the Statement of Accounts in accordance with the Rule 24 of Limited Liability Partnership Rules, 2009 ("the Rules") and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the Statement of Accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Statement of Accounts, LLP's Management is responsible for assessing the LLP's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless LLP's Management either intend to liquidate the LLP or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Management is also responsible for overseeing the LLP's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Statement of Accounts

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Statement of Accounts as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Statement of Accounts.



As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We are also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Statement of Accounts, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the LLP's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the LLP's Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the Audit Evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the LLP's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

We communicate with the LLP's Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

For Ganeriwal & Associates

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 333599E

GANERIWAL & ASSOCIATES

Sumit Ganeriwal
Proprietor

CA Sumit Ganeriwal

Proprietor

M. No.067354

UDIN: 26067354SEUAQI9925

Date: 30.06.2026

Place: Kolkata